

HIDROSTOP ELÁSTICO

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING



- 1.1 Product identifier:** HIDROSTOP ELÁSTICO
Other means of identification:
 Not relevant
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
 Relevant uses: Paint
 Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
 SECILTEK SA
 Apartado 2
 2406-909 Maceira LRA Leiria - Portugal
 Phone: +351244770220 - Fax: +351244777997
 comercial.seciltek@secil.pt
 https://www.secil.pt
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:**

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):
 Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567).
 Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412
- 2.2 Label elements:**
GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):
Hazard statements:
 Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements:
 P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
 P102: Keep out of reach of children.
 P273: Avoid release to the environment.
 P501: Dispose of the contents and/or its container using the separate collection system in your municipality.
Supplementary information:
 EUH208: Contains {0}. May produce an allergic reaction.
- 2.3 Other hazards:**
 Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- 3.1 Substance:**
 Non-applicable
- 3.2 Mixture:**
Chemical description: Mixture of substances
Components:
 In accordance with Annex II of The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: Non-applicable	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger 	10 - <25 %
CAS: 2634-33-5	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Acute Tox. 2: H330; Acute Tox. 4: H302; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - Danger 	<1 %

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continued)

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 26530-20-1	octhilinone (ISO) Acute Tox. 3: H311+H331; Acute Tox. 4: H302; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Danger	<1 %
CAS: 55965-84-9	Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) Acute Tox. 2: H310+H330; Acute Tox. 3: H301; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - Danger	<1 %
CAS: 13463-41-7	Pyrithione zinc Acute Tox. 2: H330; Acute Tox. 3: H301; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Repr. 1B: H360D; STOT RE 1: H372 - Danger	<0,025 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Other information:

Identification	M-factor	
	Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7	Acute
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	Chronic	10
	Acute	100
	Chronic	10

Identification	Specific concentration limit
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2634-33-5	% (w/w) \geq 0,036; Skin Sens. 1A - H317
octhilinone (ISO) CAS: 26530-20-1	% (w/w) \geq 0,05; Skin Sens. 1 - H317
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	% (w/w) \geq 0,6; Skin Corr. 1B - H314 0,06 \leq % (w/w) $<$ 0,6; Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 % (w/w) \geq 0,06; Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 % (w/w) \geq 0,0015; Skin Sens. 1A - H317

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2634-33-5	LD50 oral	
Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7	LD50 dermal	Not relevant	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	0.21 mg/L	Rat
	LD50 oral	300 mg/kg	
octhilinone (ISO) CAS: 26530-20-1	LD50 dermal	Not relevant	
	LD50 dermal	311 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	Not relevant	
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	LD50 oral	64 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	87.12 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	Not relevant	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

This product is not classified as hazardous through inhalation. However, in case of intoxication symptoms it is recommended to remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide clean air and keep at rest. Request medical attention if symptoms persist.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

Product is non-flammable under normal conditions of storage, manipulation and use, but the product contains flammable substances. In the case of inflammation as a result of improper manipulation, storage or use preferably use polyvalent powder extinguishers (ABC powder), in accordance with the Regulation on fire protection systems.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...).

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks with regards manually handling weights. Maintain order, cleanliness and dispose of using safe methods (section 6).

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Avoid the evaporation of the product as it contains flammable substances, which could form flammable vapour/air mixtures in the presence of sources of ignition. Control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and transfer at slow speeds to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C
Maximum Temp.: 30 °C
Maximum time: 12 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

There are no applicable occupational exposure limits for the substances contained in the product

DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2634-33-5 EC: 220-120-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	0.966 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	6.81 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7 EC: 236-671-3	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	0.01 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant

DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2634-33-5 EC: 220-120-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	0.345 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	1.2 mg/m ³	Not relevant

PNEC:

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification				
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2634-33-5 EC: 220-120-9	STP	1.03 mg/L	Fresh water	0.00403 mg/L
	Soil	3 mg/kg	Marine water	0.000403 mg/L
	Intermittent	0.0011 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.0499 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0.00499 mg/kg
Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7 EC: 236-671-3	STP	0.01 mg/L	Fresh water	0.00009 mg/L
	Soil	1.02 mg/kg	Marine water	0.00009 mg/L
	Intermittent	Not relevant	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.009 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0.009 mg/kg
octhlinone (ISO) CAS: 26530-20-1 EC: 247-761-7	STP	Not relevant	Fresh water	0.0022 mg/L
	Soil	0.0082 mg/kg	Marine water	0.00022 mg/L
	Intermittent	0.00122 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.0475 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0.00475 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls:


A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<UKCA marking>> or <<CE marking>>. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection


The use of protection equipment will be necessary if a mist forms or if the occupational exposure limits are exceeded.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Nitrile, Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.4 mm)	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.



D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
	Work clothing	Replace before any evidence of deterioration. For periods of prolonged exposure to the product for professional/industrial users CE III is recommended, in accordance with the regulations in EN ISO 6529:2013, EN ISO 6530:2005, EN ISO 13688:2013, EN 464:1994.
	Anti-slip work shoes	Replace before any evidence of deterioration. For periods of prolonged exposure to the product for professional/industrial users CE III is recommended, in accordance with the regulations in EN ISO 20345:2012 y EN 13832-1:2007

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

The Volatile Organic Compounds in Paints, Varnishes and Vehicle Refinishing Products Regulations 2012:

V.O.C. (Supply):	10 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	Not relevant

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
Appearance:	Not available
Colour:	Various
Odour:	Undefined
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	>100 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	20 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	Not relevant *
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Not relevant *

Product description:

Density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Relative density at 20 °C:	1.155
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	<20.5 mm ² /s
Concentration:	Not relevant *
pH:	8 (at 100 %)
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility properties:	Miscible
Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant *

Flammability:

Flash Point:	101 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
Autoignition temperature:	Not relevant *
Lower flammability limit:	Not relevant *
Upper flammability limit:	Not relevant *

Particle characteristics:

Median equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable
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9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Explosive properties:	Not relevant *
Oxidising properties:	Not relevant *
Corrosive to metals:	Not relevant *
Heat of combustion:	Not relevant *
Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not relevant *
Other safety characteristics:	
Surface tension at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Refraction index:	Not relevant *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Precaution	Precaution	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
- Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
 - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
IARC: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics (3)
 - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
 - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
 - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
 - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
 - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.
 - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Not relevant

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics CAS: Non-applicable	>5000 mg/kg		Rat
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2634-33-5	450 mg/kg		
	0.21 mg/L		
Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7	300 mg/kg		Rat
	0.61 mg/L (4 h)		Rat
octhilinone (ISO) CAS: 26530-20-1			
	311 mg/kg		
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	64 mg/kg		Rat
	87.12 mg/kg		Rabbit
	0.33 mg/L (4 h)		Rat

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	LC50	EC50		
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2634-33-5	LC50	2.2 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	3 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	0.067 mg/L (72 h)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Algae
Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7	LC50	0.003 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	0.008 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Not relevant		
octhilonone (ISO) CAS: 26530-20-1	LC50	2.6 mg/L (96 h)	N/A	Fish
	EC50	0.5 mg/L (48 h)	N/A	Crustacean
	EC50	0.2 mg/L (96 h)	N/A	Algae
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	LC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (72 h)		Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	NOEC	Not relevant		
Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7	NOEC	Not relevant		
	NOEC	0.022 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics CAS: Non-applicable	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	80 %
	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2634-33-5	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	0 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
	BCF	2
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2634-33-5	Pow Log	1.45
	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Not available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Hazardous

Type of waste:

HP14 Ecotoxic

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 988. As under 15 01 of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of UK REACH the provisions related to waste management are stated:

UK legislation: The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:

- 14.1 UN number:** Not relevant
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** Not relevant
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** Not relevant
Labels: Not relevant
- 14.4 Packing group:** Not relevant
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Tunnel restriction code: Not relevant
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:

- 14.1 UN number:** Not relevant
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** Not relevant
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** Not relevant
Labels: Not relevant
- 14.4 Packing group:** Not relevant
- 14.5 Marine pollutant:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Special regulations: Not relevant
EmS Codes:
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: Not relevant
Segregation group: Not relevant
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:

- 14.1 UN number:** Not relevant
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** Not relevant
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** Not relevant
Labels: Not relevant
- 14.4 Packing group:** Not relevant
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Not relevant

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:**

- Substances listed in UK candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHCs): Not relevant
- Substances listed in UK REACH Authorisation List (Annex 14): Not relevant

The Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015:

Not relevant

Restrictions to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII UK REACH, etc):

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):

Acute Tox. 2: H310+H330 - Fatal in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 2: H330 - Fatal if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 3: H301 - Toxic if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 3: H311+H331 - Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Repr. 1B: H360D - May damage the unborn child.

Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification procedure:

Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method

Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)**Abbreviations and acronyms:**

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
IATA: International Air Transport Association
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand
BCF: Bioconcentration factor
LD50: Lethal Dose 50
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50
EC50: Effective concentration 50
LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon
UFI: unique formula identifier
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

Cement, which sets and hardens quickly, is produced exclusively by firing clayey limestone of uniform composition, extracted from homogeneous deposits, at a moderate temperature, followed by very fine grinding. It is composed mainly of tricalcium silicate ($3\text{CaO}\cdot\text{SiO}_2$) (CAS: 12168-85-3, EINECS: 235-336-9), dicalcium silicate ($2\text{CaO}\cdot\text{SiO}_2$) (CAS: 10034-77-2, EINECS: 233-107-8), tricalcium aluminate ($3\text{CaO}\cdot\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$) (CAS: 12042-78-3, EINECS: 234-932-6) and calcium ferroatluminat ($4\text{CaO}\cdot\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3\cdot\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$) (CAS: 12068-35-8, EINECS: 235-094-4), calcite (CaCO_3) (CAS: 471-31-1, EINECS: 207-439-9), spurrite ($\text{Ca}_5(\text{SiO}_4)_2(\text{CO}_3)$) (CAS: 11140-12-8) and small quantities of lime, magnesia, sodium sulphate, potassium and calcium, and traces of other elements. Cement contains very small amounts of insolubles, which may include free silica (CAS: 14808-60-4; EINECS: 238-878-4). Cement naturally meets the requirements of Directive 2003/53/EC and therefore does not require the addition of a soluble chromium VI reducing agent.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -